# Who am I?





# Reading reading for main ideas; multiple choice with one text

- 1 Work in pairs. Look at the photos on page 7 and discuss the auestions.
  - 1 Where are the people?
  - 2 Do you think they are in a cold place or a warm place? Why?
- 2 Look at the photos. Which of these activities do you think the people do on their boat?



dive











swim





paint pictures

take photos

- 3 Read the article on page 7 and check your answers to Exercise 2.
- 4 Which is the best description of the Bardout family?
  - 1 Ghislain, Emmanuelle, Robin and Thomas live in France, but they have got a boat in Greenland.
  - 2 Ghislain, Emmanuelle, Robin and Thomas are from France, but they live on a boat.
  - 3 Ghislain and Emmanuelle live on a boat and their children stay at home in France.

- 5 Read the Exam Tip. Then read the questions in the Exam Task. Find the part of the text you need to read for each question.
- 6 Now complete the Exam Task.

#### Exam TIP

#### Reading for main ideas

- It's easier to understand a text if you can find the most important information.
- Read each paragraph for the main idea.
- Underline key words in each paragraph that refer to the main idea.

#### Exam TASK

#### Multiple choice with one text

For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 1 What do Ghislain and Emmanuelle study?
  - A people
  - **B** boats
  - C the sea
- 2 Under the Pole is the name of
  - A a new film.
  - B a group of people.
- C a scientific project.
- 3 Why do Ghislain and Emmanuelle visit schools?
  - A to learn about new ideas
  - **B** to find people for their team
  - **C** to share information
- 4 The boat is their sons' home because
  - A they travel a lot.
  - B they love swimming.
  - C they are with their parents.
- 5 What is their dog's special job?
  - A to find food
  - B to look for danger
  - C to do research



- Think of some advantages (good things) and disadvantages (bad things) about living on a boat.
- Which places would you prefer to visit warm countries like Hawaii and Tahiti or cold countries like Greenland and Antarctica? Why?



with them. They have got two sons – Robin, who is seven, and Thomas, who is three. 'The boat is their home,' says their mum, Emmanuelle. 'Our children are happy to be where we are.' Of course, the boys are very good at swimming and they enjoy jumping and diving off the boat. There is also one more very important member of their team - their dog Kayak. Kayak

20 has a special job – he barks when he sees a **polar bear!** 



**leader** (n): a person who is in control of a group **scientist** (*n*): a person who studies science sailor (n): a person who works on ships or boats **explore** (v): travel to different places to learn new thing

**polar bear** (n): a large white bear that lives in the Arctic

### Vocabulary countries and nationalities; numbers and dates

#### Countries and nationalities

1	Complete	the	sentences.	Use	the	words	ir
	brackets.						

1	The Bardout family a	re from	They
	are afa	mily. (French / France)	
2	Crete is in	It's a	island
	(Greek / Greece)		
3	Beijing is in	It's a	city.
	(Chinese / China)		
4	Spaghetti is an	dish. It's from	
	(Italian	n / Italy)	
5	Flamenco is a	dance. It's from	
	(Span	ish / Spain)	
6	Tokyo is in	It's a	_ city.
	(Japanese / Japan)		
7	Samba is	music. It's from	
	(Brazil	ian / Brazil)	
8	Manchester is in	It's a	
	city. (British / Britain)		

2 Look at the nationality adjectives in brackets in Exercise 1. Write the words in the table.

Nationality adjective endings						
-ese	-ish	-an	other			
			French			

3 Work in pairs. Can you think of any other nationality adjectives?

#### Numbers and dates

1.2 Listen to some facts about Greenland. Choose the correct options to complete the information.

# Greenland

- 80% / 18% of Greenland is ice.
- The ice here is 17% / 7% of all the fresh water in the world.
- The population is 5,000 / 55,000.
- There are 16 / 60 small towns in Greenland.
- More than 67,000 / 76,000 people visit the island every year.
- 22,000 / 12,000 people come by boat.

5 Listen and complete the table.

Nationa	l holidays around the world
1 Greenland	21 June
2 Australia	
<b>3</b> Bolivia	
4 China	
<b>5</b> Egypt	
<b>6</b> Ghana	
7 Indonesia	
8 Kazakhstan	
<b>9</b> Poland	

#### LOOK!

In American English, we say and write the date in this order: month - day - year.

We say: 'I was born on June ninth, 2005.' We write: 06/09/2005 or June 9th / June 9.

In British English, we say and write the date in this order: day - month - year.

We say: 'I was born on the ninth of June, 2005.' We write: 09/06/2005 or 9th June / 9 June.

6 Write the twelve months of the year in order.

7 Look at the information in the online profile. Complete the text.

Which months are not in Exercise 5?

PENPAL CLUB

Name: Aisha Khan Nationality: Malaysian Date of Birth: 30/10/07

Today's PENPAL CLUB member is Aisha!
Hi!
My name's Aisha and I'm from <sup>1</sup> I'm <sup>2</sup> years old and my birthday is on <sup>3</sup>
There are $^4$ people in my family: me, my brothers Ashraf and Hilmi, my mum and my dad.
I ♥ sailing, polar bears and ice cream!

Ask and answer in pairs.

- When is your birthday?
- When is your best friend's birthday?
- What is your favourite day of the year? Why?

### Grammar present simple; adverbs of frequency; question words

#### **Present simple**

1 Look at the photo and read the text. Underline



The children in this photo live in Kerala. Kerala is in India. It rains a lot in Kerala.

These children don't walk to school - they go by boat. How about you? How do you get to school? Do you walk? Do you go by boat?

2 Read the text again. Choose the correct option (i or ii) to complete the rules.

а	In the present simple, after	we	add an 's' to the verb
	i he, she or it	ii	I, you or they
b	To make questions, we subject.	pu	t before the
	i is / are	ii	does / do
С	To make the negative, main verb.	we	put before the
	i isn't / aren't	ii	doesn't / don't

- Grammar reference 1.1, p161
- 3 Match the sentences (1-2) with the uses of the present simple (a-b).
  - 1 The children go to school by boat.
  - 2 It rains a lot in Kerala.

We use the present simple ...

- a to talk about facts.
- **b** to talk about routine activities.

4 Complete the text with the present simple form of the verbs.

I <sup>1</sup> (live) in Tokyo. It's a very big city.
2 (not / walk) to school,   3
(go) to school by bus. After school, I <sup>4</sup>
(read) in the library. I <sup>5</sup> (love) books!
My sister <sup>6</sup> (not / go) to school. She's
only two years old. She <sup>7</sup> (stay) at
home and <sup>8</sup> (play) with her toys.
How about you? Where <sup>9</sup> (you / live)?
<sup>10</sup> (you / like) books?

#### Adverbs of frequency

- 5 Read the sentences about the Bardout family. Then choose the correct words to complete the rule.
  - 1 The Bardouts are hardly ever at home.
  - 2 They sometimes go to warm places.
  - 3 The children always travel with them.
  - 4 They often visit schools.
  - 5 They usually travel to cold seas and icy lands.

Adverbs of frequency go before / after main verbs but before / after the verb be.

Write the adverbs from Exercise 5 in the correct place.

0%	<b>→</b> 100%
never	
Grammar reference 1.2, p161	

#### **Question words**

- 7 Read the questions (a-f). Which question word do we use for ...
  - 1 people?
  - 2 things or ideas?
- 3 a specific time, e.g. 10.30 a.m.?
- 4 a reason?
- **5** a general time?
- 6 a place?
- a What time does the library open?
- **b** When do you usually go on holiday?
- **c** Where do the children live?
- **d** Who sits next to you in class?
- e What does your friend do after school?
- **f** Why do we learn English?
- Grammar reference 1.3, p161
- 8 Choose the correct word to complete the questions.
  - 1 Where do / does you come from?
  - 2 What / Where do the children live?
  - 3 What time / When is your birthday?
  - 4 What / Why do you study English?

9 Read the answers and write the questions. Then ask and answer the questions in pairs. . Where do you usually go on holiday?

ı	A: There are you do daily go on honday.
	<b>B:</b> I usually go on holiday to Turkey.
2	A:
	<b>B:</b> I usually get up at 7.30 a.m.
3	A:
	B: I live in Madrid.
1	A:
	B: I usually do my homework after school

9

### Listening listening to instructions; gap fill

1	1.4	Liston	and che	ooso the	correct	answers.
п		Listen a	ana cno	oose tne	correct	answers.

- **1** What is the woman's surname?
  - **a** Suarez
    - **b** Eswares
- 2 What is her address?
  - a 245 Vidalino
- **b** 245 Widaleno
- **3** What is her first name?
  - a Isobel
- **b** Isabella
- **4** What is the man's surname?
  - a Curry **b** Carev
- 5 What town does he live in?
  - a Bristol
- **b** Bristle
- **6** What is his first name?
  - **a** Ted
- **b** Todd

#### 1.5 Listen to six people and write the places or names. Check your answers with a partner.

1	4
2	5
3	6
,	<b>-</b>

#### 1.6 Read the Exam Tip. Then listen to the instructions for the Exam Task. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 You will hear a man speaking.
- 2 The talk is about photography lessons.
- 3 You need to listen and choose the correct answer. a, b or c.

#### Exam TIP

#### Listening to instructions

- Before a listening task begins, you will hear some important instructions.
- The instructions may tell you who is speaking and where the listeners are. Listen carefully as this will help you understand the task.
- You will hear the instructions and the listening text twice.

4 Read the questions (1–4). What kind of information do you need to answer each one? Choose the correct words.

	a date	a name	a price	a time		
1	When do	oes the next	course be	gin?		
2	What time do the lessons start?					
3	How much do the lessons cost?					
4	Who is t	eaching the	course?			

5 1.7 Now listen and complete the Exam Task.

#### Exam TASK Gap fill For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one word or a number or a date or a You will hear a teacher talking about a new photography course at her school. **Riverside College Courses** Place: Riverside College Course: Photography Total number of lessons: (1) \_\_\_\_\_ lessons Dates of course: 15th September to 13th (2) Time of lessons: (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to 5.45 p.m. Tue and Fri Total cost of course: (4) £ \_\_ Teacher: (5) Mrs\_



### Speaking giving details about yourself; interview

1 Work in pairs. Look at the photo. Then complete the sentences with these words.

> get up live school weekend



- in Seoul. \_\_ people in my family. 2 There are \_\_\_\_\_ 3 I go to high \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ in Seocho-qu. 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ at half past six in the morning. 5 At the \_\_\_\_\_ we usually get up late.
- 2 1.8 Read the Exam Tip. Match the extra information in sentences a-e with the sentences in Exercise 1. Then listen and check your answers.
  - a We sometimes go to a café for breakfast.
  - **b** It's a big city in South Korea.
  - c My lessons start at eight o'clock.
  - **d** I've got one sister and one brother.
  - e I like my school, but I get a lot of homework!
- 3 Look at the answers from students in a speaking exam. Which sentence is correct, a or b?
  - There is five people in my family.
  - **b** There are five people in my family.
  - 2 a I get up at seven o'clock.
    - **b** I am get up at seven o'clock.
  - 3 a I'm in secondary school three year.
  - **b** I'm in the third year at secondary school.
  - 4 a I watch usually TV in the evening.
    - I usually watch TV in the evening.
  - 5 a I meet my friends at the weekend.
  - **b** I meet at the weekend my friends.
- 1.9 Look at the sentences in Exercise 3. Complete the examiner's questions. Then listen and check your answers.

1	How many	
2	What time	
3	Which year	
	What	
5	When	

- 5 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions from Exercise 4. Try to give extra information.
- **6** Work in pairs. Complete the Exam Task. Take turns to ask and answer questions. Student A: Ask Student B the questions in the Exam Task. Then listen and answer Student B's auestions.

Student B: Turn to page 171. Use the Useful Language to help you.

#### Exam TIP

#### Giving details about yourself

- When talking about yourself, don't just answer 'yes' or 'no'.
- Give extra information or give reasons for your
- Practise talking about yourself with your friends in class.

#### Exam TASK

#### Interview

Where / live?

Brothers or sisters? If yes, how many?

When / your birthday?

What / favourite subject at school? Why / like it?

What / do / in your free time? Why / like these activities?

#### Useful **LANGUAGE**

#### Talking about yourself

I'm from ...

I live in ...

I've got one sister. She's older / younger than me ...

My birthday is on ...

My favourite subject is ...

In my free time I usually ...

We usually go to ...

My favourite food is ...

I always (play football / watch TV) with my dad /



- Do you spend the weekend with your family? Why? / Why not?
- Are you a 'morning person'? Do you find it easy or hard to get up early in the morning?

### 1 Vocabulary family

Complete the groups (1-4) with these words. Then choose the correct words in sentences a and b.

	dad daddy grandad grandma
	grandpa granny mum mummy
1	grandmother,,
2	grandfather, ,
3	mother,,,
4	father,,
ć	The people in 1 and 2 are parents / grandparents.
k	The people in 3 and 4 are parents / grandparents.

- 2 Read the descriptions and write the words for family members.
  - **1** This child is a boy: s \_ \_
  - 2 This child is a girl: d \_ \_ \_ \_ \_
  - 3 A woman who is married: w \_ \_ \_
  - 4 A man who is married: h \_ \_ \_ \_
  - **5** He is your mother's or father's brother: u \_ \_ \_ \_
  - **6** She is your mother's or father's sister: a \_ \_ \_
  - 7 This is your mother's sister's child: c \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

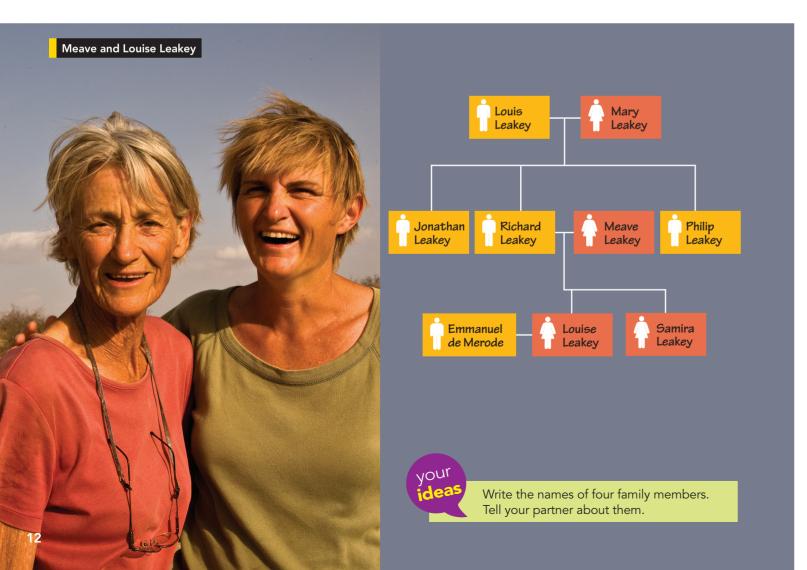
3 Look at the family tree at the bottom of the page. Choose the correct words to complete the text.

The Leakey family is very famous. They are scientists and conservationists. Richard Leakey is a conservationist. He lives in Kenya. His <sup>1</sup> wife / mother, Meave, is a scientist. Richard's <sup>2</sup> parents / sons, Louis and Mary Leakey, were also famous scientists. Richard has got two <sup>3</sup> sons / brothers: Jonathan and Philip. Louise and Samira are Richard's <sup>4</sup> daughters / aunts. Louise's <sup>5</sup> husband / uncle is Emmanuel. He is Belgian. Jonathan and Philip Leakey are Louise's 6 nephews / uncles. Samira is Louise's <sup>7</sup> sister / aunt and she is Philip's <sup>8</sup> cousin / niece.

4 Work in pairs. Make sentences about the people in the family tree. Use these words.

brother father grandfather grandmother mother niece sister uncle

Mary is Samira's grandmother.



### Grammar present continuous; writing the missing words; open cloze

1 Work in pairs. Read the text. Tell your partner what Yusuf and his sisters are doing today.

Yusuf is studying English at college this year. Today, he's working at home. He isn't reading a book. He's writing a letter to his penfriend. His sisters are sitting in the kitchen. They aren't eating. They're listening to music. What are you doing? Are you listening to music?

- 2 Look at the text again. Then choose the correct option to complete the rules.
  - a We use the present continuous to describe actions that happen every day / are happening
  - **b** We form the present continuous with the verb be / do and the infinitive / -ing form.

With most verbs, (e.g. eat, see, watch) we add -ing to the infinitive form: eating, seeing, watching.

With verbs ending consonant, vowel, consonant (e.g. hit, shop, run) we double the consonant and add -ing: hitting, shopping, running.

With verbs ending in -e (e.g. write) we lose the -e and add -ing: writing.

#### Grammar reference 1.4, p161

3 Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs.

1	We're Greek, but we (live) in Chile until next September.
2	I (not / do) my homework.
	I (watch) a film.
3	My mum (work) in Turkey for a year.
4	I (stay) with my aunt and uncle at
	the moment.
5	My parents (eat) breakfast right now.
6	Are you on the phone? Who

- 4 Match the sentences in Exercise 3 with these uses of the present continuous.
  - a an action happening at the time of speaking
  - **b** a temporary situation

(you / talk) to?

5	1.10 Complete the telephone conversation with
	the present continuous form of the verbs. Then
	listen and check your answers.

Jordi:	Hi Rosa. Where are you?
Rosa:	$I^{1}$ (sit) in the garden.
Jordi:	<sup>2</sup> (you / listen) to music?
Rosa:	No, I <sup>3</sup> (finish) my geograph project.
Jordi:	What <sup>4</sup> (you / study) at the moment?
Rosa:	We <sup>5</sup> (learn) about Greenland. It's really interesting.
Jordi:	Cool. So, what <sup>6</sup> (your brother / do) today? Some kind of sport?
Rosa:	No, not exactly. He <sup>7</sup> (not / play) football at the moment because he hurt his foot. He <sup>8</sup> (watch) tennis on TV instead!

- 6 Read the Exam Tip. Then read the email in the Exam Task. Think about what type of word should go in each gap: a preposition, a verb, a question word or a possessive adjective.
- 7 Now complete the Exam Task.

-1
$\sim$

#### Writing the missing words

- Read the text first to get the general idea.
- Look at each gap. What type of word do you think goes in the gap?
- Read the text again and fill in the gaps. Check your answers make sense.
- When you've finished, read the text again and check your spelling.

#### Exam TASK

#### Open cloze

For each question, write the correct answer.

Write <b>one</b> word for each gap.
Hi Lucy!
How are you? (1) are you doing
today? I (2) staying with my
granny at the moment. She usually comes
(3) our house at the weekend,
but it's (4) birthday today – she's
72 – and there's a big family party. My uncle,
aunt and two cousins are here. My cousins
(5) making Granny's birthday cake!
Love
Sandra

#### Learning FOCUS

#### Focusing on accuracy

When you complete a form, you often need to give the following information:

- title (e.g. Mr, Mrs, Ms, Miss)
- first name and surname
- age and/or date of birth (DOB)
- place of birth
- home address
- phone number
- email address

You must learn to write this information in the correct place.

- 1 Write the information (1–7) next to the correct section (a–g).
  - 1 31st October 2005
  - 2 Malik Diop
  - 3 diopM05@sengemail.com
  - 4 Touba, Senegal
  - 5 15, Rue d'Arcy, Dakar, Senegal
  - **6** +221 775-5571-549
  - **7** Mr

а	Title:
	First name & surname:
С	DOB:
d	Place of birth:
е	Home address:
f	Phone number:
g	Email address:

2 Listen to a conversation at a gym. Complete the form with the correct information.

_	Membership Application
Q Y M	First name: Surname:
	Home address: <u>15 Grove Road, Manchester, M5 2RP</u>
R	Email address:
$\overline{}$	Phone number:
S	Date of birth:

- 3 Read the advert about the volunteer project. Then answer the questions.
  - 1 Where is the project?
  - 2 How long is it?
  - 3 What new skill can you learn there?
- 4 Read the form. What information has Sandy NOT included? Why?



5 Work in pairs. Answer the questions using these words.

Miss Mr Mrs Ms

- 1 Which title shows that a woman is married?
- 2 Which title shows that a woman is not married?
- 3 Which title is used for a woman and doesn't show if she is married or not married?
- **4** Which title is used for a man and doesn't show if he is married or not married?

#### Useful **LANGUAGE**

#### Expressing likes

I like + -ing form
I enjoy + -ing form
I love + -ing form
I'm interested in ...
I like ... because ...

#### Expressing reasons

I want to ... because ... My goal is to ... I think it's important to ... ... helps me ...

- Work in pairs. Read the advert for a language school. Discuss the questions. Use the Useful Language to help you.
  - 1 Why do you want to learn English?
  - **2** How can you practise English outside the classroom?
- 7 Complete the form with your own information.

## TURNER ACADEMY SCHOOL of ENGLISH

#### Do you want to improve your English?

- Join our new four-week English language summer school.
- Speak, read, listen to and write English for six hours every day!
- Meet other students from different countries around the world.
- Have fun with English games, videos and songs!

Complete the application form with your details and tell us why you want to learn English.

Nationality:  Address:  Email:  Phone:  Course level: Pre-intermediate
Email:Phone: Course level:  Beginner Pre-intermediate
Phone: Course level: Beginner Pre-intermediate
Course level:  Beginner Pre-intermediate
☐ Beginner ☐ Pre-intermediate
☐ Intermediate ☐ Advanced
Reasons for learning English:



14

### Live well, study well



### **Friendships**

9 months the average age we start to understand friendships

396

the average number of friends we make in our lives

50 hours the average time it takes to make a new friend 5

the number of friends we can ask for help

15

the number of close friends most people have

150

the number of friends we have at one time



- 1 Look at the information. Read the statements. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?
  - 1 Most people make a new friend in under 60 hours.
  - 2 We make nearly 400 friends in our lives.
  - 3 Most babies begin to learn about friendship when they are six months old.
  - **4** Most people can ask 150 friends if they have a problem.
  - 5 Most people have fewer than 20 good friends.
- Work in pairs. Look at the information again and think about you and your friends.
  - Do the numbers surprise you?
  - Do you think it's useful to read information like this?
- 3 Discuss the questions with your partner.
  - 1 What makes a good friend?
  - 2 What are some ways to make new friends?
  - 3 Do you think new friends are as important as old friends? Why? / Why not?
  - 4 Describe one of your good friends.

### 4 Work in pairs. Read the Mind your Mind information. Discuss the questions.

- 1 Do you think the tips are useful? Why? / Why not?
- 2 Which tip do you think is the hardest to do? Why?
- 3 Which tip do you think is the most important? Why?

#### Mind your Mind

#### Be yourself

You are at a new school and you don't know anyone. It's time to make some new friends ... but how?



your

- To find friends with similar hobbies and interests, ask people what they're interested in.
- Join a club, but choose one that you'll enjoy.
- Remember, everyone is feeling nervous. Relax!
- Be yourself. Find people you feel comfortable with and like you for who you are.
- Remember, it doesn't matter if you've got lots of friends or just a few. True friends are what's important.
- 5 Work in pairs. Write three more tips for making friends at a new school.

#### PROJECT 1

Work in groups. Create a game or activity to help people make friends in a new situation.

Think about:

- ways to help people speak to each other
- encouraging people to ask questions
- ways to help people have fun
- encouraging people to be themselves and share who they are.

You can do the activity in the next lesson.

#### PROJECT 2

Create a presentation about how to make friends in a new school or class.

Think about:

- ways to introduce yourself
- topics to talk about, or not talk about
- ways to spend time with new friends.

Include images and give examples. Give your presentation in the next lesson.

#### Useful **LANGUAGE**

We're going to (talk about / play) ...

Usually / Often, people (talk about / like to) ...

You should / ought to (be yourself / join this club).

You shouldn't (talk about / ask about) ...

You need to (ask questions / talk to people).

You can / could (say hello / shake hands).

I think (you should talk about ... ) because ...