



# **Question words**

We use **question words** when we want more information than just **yes** or **no** in the answer.

We use the following **question words**:

- What to ask about things or actions.
  What is this? It's a stamp collection.
  What do you do on Saturdays? I do my homework.
- Who to ask about people. Who is this? My friend Paul.
- Where to ask about position or place. Where is my guitar? It's on your bed.
- Whose to ask who something belongs to. Whose comic is it? It's my comic.
- When to ask about time.
  When is the art competition? It's on Friday.

- Why to ask about the reason for something. Why do you collect stamps? I think it's interesting.
- Which to ask about one person or thing within a group of similar people or things.
   Which pencil do you want? I want the blue one.
- **How** to ask about the way someone does something.
  - How do you go to school? I go to school by bus.

When we use **question words** to ask about the subject of a sentence (the person, animal or thing that does the action), the word order does not change and the verb stays in the affirmative form.

Who lives here? (Sally lives here.) Whose drink is on the table? (Peter's drink is on the table.)

Remember .

Be careful with these words: Who's (who is) and Whose (asks who something belongs to). Who's in the classroom? Clare is in the classroom. Whose skateboard is this? It's Clare's skateboard.

When we use **question words** to ask about something other than the subject of a sentence, then the word order changes to the question form. *What do you eat in the morning?* (*I eat eggs.*) *Where do you stay in the summer?* (*I stay at my uncle's house.*)

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## **2** Circle the correct words.

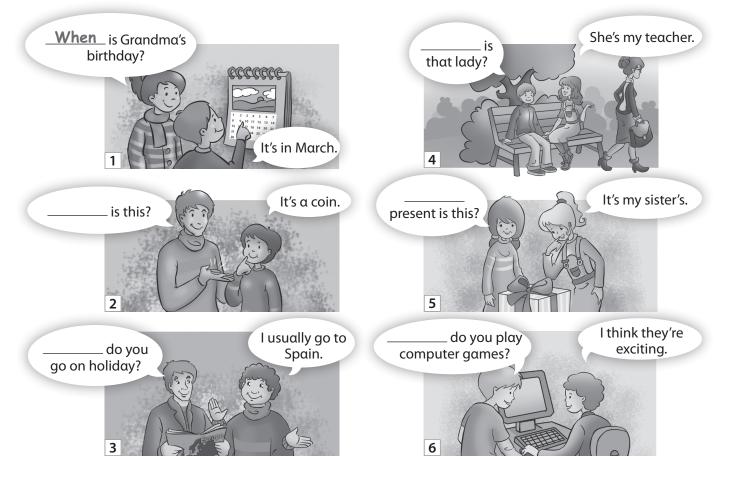
- 1 What / Who) is your favourite singer?
- 2 Whose / Who's shop is this?
- 3 When / What do you go swimming?
- 4 Which / How bag do you like?

### **3** Mαtch.

- 1 When do you get up? -
- 2 Where does he live?
- 3 Whose burger is this?
- 4 Who's the boy in school uniform?
- 5 What do students do after school?
- 6 How do you spell 'cat'?
- 7 Which ball do you want?
- 8 Why do you want a sandwich?

- 5 Where / What is the matter with Donna?
- 6 Who / How do you make a kite?
- 7 Why / Which do you do your homework at school?
- 8 Who / Where is the library?
- a It's George.
- **b** The small one.
- c C-A-T
- **d** I'm hungry.
- e Their homework.
- f It's mine.
- **g** At half past seven.
- h In a beach house.

#### **4** Look at the pictures and complete the questions with question words.



- 1 the / is / Chinese lesson / when When is the Chinese lesson?
- 2 your / game / is / what / favourite
- 3 comics / these / whose / are
- 4 the puzzle / has got / who / a piece of
- 5 stay / in / where / you / do / the summer
- 6 cake / do / make / how / a / you

#### **6** Look at the answers and complete the questions.

1	Who	comes from Brazil	_?
	Where	does Liz come from	_?
	Liz comes from Brazil.		
2	Who		_?
	What		_?
	Tom likes puzzles.		
3	What		_?
	When		_?
	The competition is on	Friday.	
4	Who		_?
	Where		_?
	Jamie and Helen live i	n Canada.	
5	Whose		_?
	Where		_?

Susan's laptop is in the classroom.

**7** Say it! Ask and answer questions with your partner. Use these suggestions to help you.

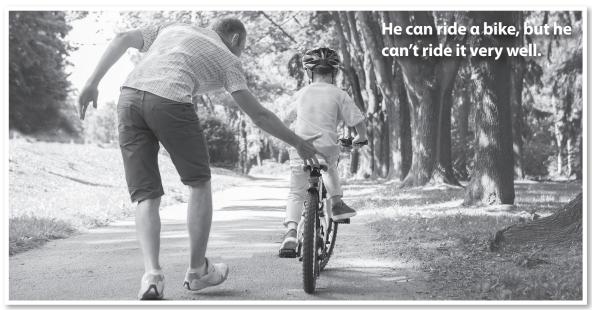
- What is your favourite sport?
- What is your favourite hobby?
- When is your birthday?
- What do you usually have for breakfast?
- Where do you live?

Who is your best friend?

My best friend is Sally.

# Lesson 2

# 1 Read.



### Cαn

#### We use **can** to

- show ability.
  We can sing.
  Can they speak French?
- ask for or give permission to do something.
  Can I go on the roller coaster?
  You can go to the park on Saturday.

**Can** is followed by the bare infinitive. We use **can** for the present and the future. **Can** I go to the amusement park, Mum? We **can** go swimming at the weekend. Remember !

Bare infinitive = infinitive without **to** 

We often use **can** with verbs of feeling, such as **see**, **hear**, **smell**, etc. *I* **can** hear the roller coaster!

We don't usually use **cannot** in everyday English. But we sometimes use it to give emphasis. *No, John, you cannot go to the park!* 

Affirmative	Negative	Question	Short o	inswers
l can go.	l can't (cannot) go.	Can I go?	Yes, I can.	No, I can't.
You can go.	You can't (cannot) go.	Can you go?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
He can go.	He can't (cannot) go.	Can he go?	Yes, he can.	No, he can't.
She can go.	She can't (cannot) go.	Can she go?	Yes, she can.	No, she can't.
It can go.	It can't (cannot) go.	Can it go?	Yes, it can.	No, it can't.
We can go.	We can't (cannot) go.	Can we go?	Yes, we can.	No, we can't.
You can go.	You can't (cannot) go.	Can you go?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
They can go.	They can't (cannot) go.	Can they go?	Yes, they can.	No, they can't.

# **2** Complete the sentences with *can* or *can't*.

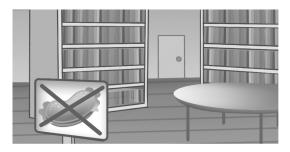
- 1 Teddy bears <u>can't</u> speak. **4** Sharks <u>can't</u> fly.
- 5 Spiders \_\_\_\_\_ move fast. **2** Penguins \_\_\_\_\_ swim.
- **3** Babies \_\_\_\_\_\_ ride bicycles. **6** Computers \_\_\_\_\_\_ cook.

# **3** Complete the sentences using *can* or *can't* and the words in brackets.

- 1 <u>Can</u> he <u>cook</u> Chinese food? (cook)
- 2 Students \_\_\_\_\_ comics in the classroom. (read)
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ we \_\_\_\_\_ to the amusement park? (go)
- **4** Bobby \_\_\_\_\_\_ a computer, because he hasn't got any money. (buy)
- **5** It's very cold. You \_\_\_\_\_\_ today. (swim)
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ lunch in the canteen. (have)
- **4** Look at the pictures and write sentences about them. Use *can* or *can't*.



1 they/cook They can cook.



**4** you / eat here



2 the dog / come in

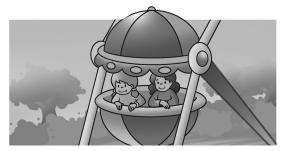


3 Dina / play the guitar

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5 the baby / do the puzzle



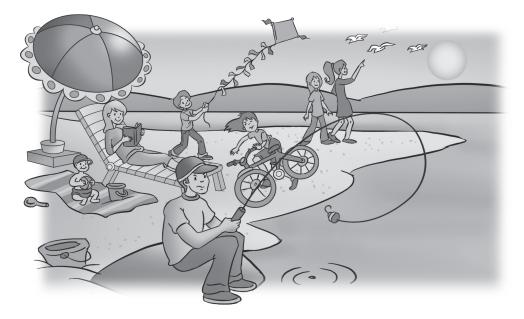
6 the girls / see the park from the Ferris wheel

# **5** Write questions using *can*. Answer them.

- 1 penguins / fly
  - Can penguins fly?
  - No, they can't.
- 2 your brother / play the piano
- 3 robots / talk

- 4 your dad / make a cake
- 5 your mum / speak Spanish
- 6 chimpanzees / read books

#### **6** Look at the picture and answer the questions.



- 1 Can Mum read her book? \_Yes, she can.
- 2 Can the boy fly a kite?
- 3 Can the baby play with his toys?
- 4 Can the girl ride her bike?
- 5 Can Dad catch any fish?
- **6** Can the girls see any birds?

- 7 Say it! Ask and answer questions with a partner about what you can or can't do. Use these suggestions to help you.
  - Can you speak English?
  - make a kite
  - ride α bike
  - have chocolate for breakfast
  - use a laptop

Yes, I can.

- play the guitar
- speak Chinese
- make a cake
- stay up late at the weekend

# Review

### **1** Circle the correct words.

- 1 The library doesn't **opens** / **open** at nine o'clock.
- 2 Dad carries / carry my baby brother to the park.
- 3 The children **do / does** their homework in the kitchen.
- 4 We **don't / doesn't** dance in the music lesson.
- 5 The students at my school **reads / read** lots of books.
- 6 | enjoys / enjoy art lessons.
- 7 Mum doesn't **works / work** at the weekend.
- 8 Our teacher tidy / tidies the classroom every afternoon.

# **2** Complete the questions using the words in brackets. Then complete the short answers.

1	Does it snow	in summer? (it / snow)	No, <u>it doesn't</u> .
2		a helmet to work? (Dad / wear)	Yes,
3		comics at the canteen? (they / sell)	No,
4		your kite on the beαch? (you / fly)	Yes,
5		ice skating on Saturdays? (she / go)	No,
6		our geography books? (we / need)	Yes,

#### **3** Look at the answers and complete the questions.

- 1 Who <u>lives in Canada</u> ? Where <u>does Cathy live</u> ? Cathy lives in Canada.
- 2 What \_\_\_\_\_ ? When \_\_\_\_\_ ? The party is on Saturday.
- 3 Whose \_\_\_\_\_ ? Where \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Mr Smith's car is in the garage.

4	Who	?
	What	?
	Tom wants to buy a skateboard.	
5	Who	?
	Why	?
	Paul is sad because he has got a test.	
6	Who	?
	When	?
	Marla calls her grandma on Saturdays.	

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- her cousins / visits / Daniella / sometimes / on Saturdays
  On Saturdays, Daniella sometimes visits her cousins.
- 2 goes shopping / Susan / on Fridays / with her friends / often
- 3 every night / takes his dog / usually / for a walk / Paul
- 4 at the weekend / sometimes / I / ride my horse
- 5 never / Jill / in winter / goes swimming
- 6 play / Judy and Simone / with their doll's house / usually / after school

**5** Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with *can* or *can't*.



1 Tommy <u>can</u> play tennis.



**2** Fish \_\_\_\_\_\_ walk.



3 My friends \_\_\_\_\_ dance.



4 Mum \_\_\_\_\_ use a laptop.



5 They \_\_\_\_\_\_ find the sports centre.



6 Liz \_\_\_\_\_ play the piano.

#### **6** Complete the dialogue with these words.

how	what when where which who whose why
Tina:	Hi, Lilly. (1) <u><b>How</b></u> are you?
Lilly:	I'm fine, thank you. Can I ring you later? I'm not at home now.
Tina:	Oh, (2) are you?
Lilly:	I'm in a shop. I need to buy a birthday present.
Tina:	(3) birthday is it?
Lilly:	It's Michelle's birthday tomorrow.
Tina:	(4) Michelle?
Lilly:	My cousin Michelle.
Tina:	Oh, yes! (5) do you want to buy her?
Lilly:	l don't know. Have you got any ideas?
Tina:	(6) do the shops close?
Lilly:	Um, six oʻclock I think. (7) do you want to know?
Tina:	Because I can come and meet you. We can buy her present to
Lilly:	Great idea! We are outside the music shop.
Tina:	We? (8) are you with?
Lilly:	I'm with Rosie.
Tina:	OK. See you soon!

# WRITING PROJECT

**7** Look at a project about a famous building. Complete the project with these words.

can can't hear <del>think</del> usually visit

#### The Taj Mahal

Most people (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_the word India. It's not surprising; it is the most famous building in India. The Taj Mahal is a beautiful white marble building. There is a big garden around it, and there is a water tank in the centre of the garden. The Taj Mahal is one of the seven wonders of the new world. Many people (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it every year. They (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ visit in October, November and February because it isn't very hot then. Visitors (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ take many things into the Taj Mahal. They (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ only take water, a small camera and a mobile phone.



# 8 Now it's your turn to do a project about a famous building in your country. Find or draw a picture of the building and write about it.

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